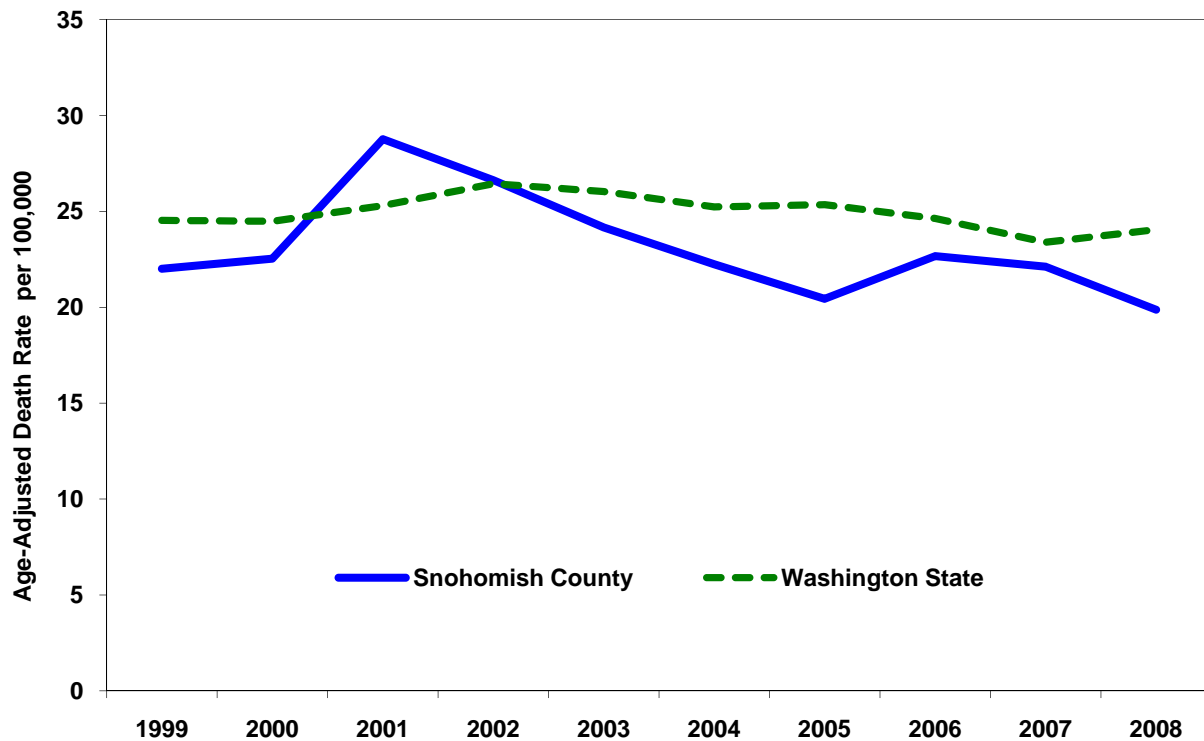


Diabetes Mellitus Mortality – Snohomish County, 1999 - 2008

- Diabetes was the seventh leading cause of death in Snohomish County.
- From 1999 through 2008, the age-adjusted diabetes mortality rate did not significantly change in Washington State. However, from 2001 through 2008 the age-adjusted diabetes mortality rate in Snohomish County significantly declined.
- In 2008 the age-adjusted diabetes mortality rate was significantly lower in Snohomish County compared with Washington State.



Year	Snohomish County				Washington State		
	Deaths	Population	Age-Adjusted Rate per 100,000 ¹	95% C.I. ²	Deaths	Population	Age-Adjusted Rate per 100,000 ¹
1999	98	591,590	22.0	(17.9, 26.9)	1,305	5,830,835	24.5
2000	108	606,024	22.5	(18.5, 27.3)	1,331	5,894,141	24.5
2001	141	618,600	28.8	(24.2, 34.0)	1,403	5,974,900	25.3
2002	136	627,974	26.6	(22.3, 31.6)	1,501	6,041,710	26.4
2003	125	637,500	24.2	(20.1, 28.9)	1,509	6,098,300	26.0
2004	117	644,811	22.2	(18.3, 26.7)	1,506	6,167,800	25.2
2005	114	655,800	20.4	(16.8, 24.7)	1,549	6,256,400	25.4
2006	124	671,836	22.7	(18.8, 27.1)	1,539	6,375,600	24.6
2007	126	686,300	22.1	(18.3, 26.5)	1,504	6,488,000	23.4
2008	119	696,629	19.9	(16.4, 23.9)	1,587	6,587,600	24.1

¹ The age-adjusted rate is used to compare rates between two or more populations that have different underlying age distributions. By adjusting the rate for age, differences in the mortality rate between different regions or years cannot be explained by different age distributions in the populations being compared.

² 95% Confidence Interval: A confidence interval is a range of values that has a specified probability of containing the rate. Narrow confidence intervals indicate that rate is precisely estimated, while wider confidence intervals indicate that the estimated rate is less precisely estimated.